



User's Manual

Wireless Broadband Router

Model No. SP916GK

http://www.micronet.info

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1.1 Introduction

Thank you for purchasing Micronet SP916GK Wireless Broadband Router. SP916GK with built-in 4-port 10/100Mbps Fast Ethernet Switch is the latest generation of Wireless router product for Home/Office and SOHO users. This fullfeature and self-contained compact Wireless Router will allow broadband access in both of LAN and Wireless environment. This device has been specifically designed to provide LAN and Wireless users the most cost-effective method with multiple accesses to the Internet. Using just single public IP address (IP Sharing) SP916GK enables multiple users to share the Internet through an ADSL or cable modem. The friendly WEB-based graphics interface makes setup easy for any inexperienced users. Moreover, the built-in 4-port 10/100Mbps switch lets users enjoy the network by simply plugging in the network cable into the device without the need to buy additional switch.

This device is also an Access Point. It has a built-in wireless LAN. Users can connect to Internet using wireless network interfaces anywhere within the range of its radio transmission. It's ideal for SOHO users who require instant and convenient access to Internet without connecting cables. It has embedded DHCP server and simplified IP address management. There's no need for MIS personnel to take care of daily technical services. What is more, NAT/firewall is also implemented on this compact Router Box for protecting whole LAN from outside attack.

This user guide is aimed at easy installation procedures of this device. Before your installation, please read the following procedures carefully.

1.2 Package Content

Before you start installing the product, please verify the following items are in the package :

- Wireless Broadband Router
- Quick Installation Guide
- Manual CD
- Detachable antenna
- Accessories
- Power adapter

1.3 Features

- Complies with IEEE 802.11b/g wireless standards
- Provides one 802.11b/g wireless Reverse SMA detachable antenna
- High speed transfer data rate up to 54Mbps
- Supports wireless data encryption with 64/128-bit WEP, WPA (TKIP with IEEE 802.1x), WPA2 and AES functions
- Supports system log
- Supports authentication for wireless connectivity based on ESSID

- Provides MAC access control and hidden SSID function
- WDS supported with WEP, TKIP and AES encryption
- Channel : USA 11, Europe 13, Japan 14
- Supports NAT/NAPT IP Sharing
- Supports Static IP, PPPoE, PPTP, & DHCP client
- SPI Anti-DoS Firewall; Virtual DMZ; DNS relay; UPnP
- Provides DHCP server
- Supports VPN pass through
- Supports ALG for FTP, NetMeeting, VPN pass-through, DDNS (DynDNS, TZO)
- Supports firmware upgrade function via Web
- Compliant with FCC Part 15.247 for US, ETS 300 328 for Europe
- Flash : 2MB NOR type, SDRAM : 8MB

1.4 Specifications

- Standards: IEEE 802.11b/g (Wireless), IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.3u (Ethernet)
- Data Rate: 54/48/36/24/18/12/11/9/6/5.5/2/1Mbps auto fallback
- Security: 64/128-bit WEP Data encryption, WPA, 802.1x, and Access Control List
- Frequency Band: 2.400~2.4835GHz (Industrial Scientific Medical Band)
- Radio Technology: OFDM/ DSSS
- Antenna: External detachable dipole antenna (with RP-SMA connector)
- Receiver Sensitivity: 54Mbps OFDM, 10%PER, -71dBm
 - 11Mbps CCK, 10%PER, -81dBm
 - 1Mbps BPSK, 10%PER, -92dBm
- Connectors: 4 RJ-45 LAN ports of 10/100M, and 1 RJ-45 WAN port
- Power: 12VDC, 1A
- Transmit Power: 16~18dBm (Typical)
- LEDs: Power, LAN Link/Activity, WAN Link/Activity, Wireless Activity
- Dimension/Weight:
- Temperature:
 - Operating: $0^{\circ} \sim 40^{\circ}$ C ($32^{\circ} \sim 104^{\circ}$ F)
- Humidity: 10-90% (Noncondensing)
- Certification: FCC, CE

Note

The WAN "idle timeout" auto-disconnect function may not work due to abnormal activities of some network application software, computer virus or hacker attacks from the Internet. For example, some software sends network packets to the Internet in the background, even when you are not using the Internet. So please turn off your computer when you are not using it. This function also may not work with some ISP. So please make sure this function can work properly when you use this function in the first time, especially your ISP charge you by time used.

Back Panel

The diagram (fig1.0) below shows the broadband router's back panel. The router's back panel is divided into three sections, **LAN**, **WAN** and **Reset**:



1) Local Area Network (LAN)

The 4 LAN ports are for you to connect to your LAN's PCs, printer servers, hubs and switches etc.

2) Wide Area Network (WAN)

The WAN port is for connecting to your xDSL or Cable modem and is linked to the Internet.

3) Reset

The Reset button allows you to do one of two things.

- If problem occurs with your router, press the router's reset button with a pencil tip (for less than 4 seconds) and the router will re-boot itself, keeping your original configurations.
- 2) If problem persists, or you experience extreme problems, or you forgot your password, press the reset button for longer than 4 seconds, and the router will reset itself to the factory default settings (**warning**: your original configurations will be replaced with the factory default settings)

Front Panel

On the router's front panel, there are LED lights that inform you of the router's current status. Below is an explanation of each LED and what each stands for.

	WER TUS H		r	LA	N	
	POV STAL WLAN	-CAR	1	2	3	4
SP916GK Wireless Broadband Router						

LED	Light Status	Description
PWR	ON	This indicator lights green when the Wireless Router is receiving power; otherwise, it is off.
Status	ON	The LED will be off for a few seconds when the system is starting. The LED will then start to blink periodically to show the Wireless Router is working normally. If the LED stays green/off, it means the system failed; you need to contact your agent or try to reboot the system
WAN	ON Off Flashing	WAN is connected (steady green) No WAN connection WAN port has Activity (ACT), data being sent
LAN (Port 1-4)	ON Off Flashing	LAN is connected No LAN connection LAN port has Activity (ACT), data being sent
WLAN	ON Off Flashing	Wireless LAN has been activated(steady green) Wireless LAN is disabled Wireless LAN has Activity (ACT) data being sent

2. Installing and Using Wireless Router

This Chapter provides a step-by-step guide to the installation and configuration of the Wireless Router. We suggest you go over the whole chapter before doing more advanced operation.

2.1 Network configuration setup

Steps to build up the network:

- Step1. Connect the ADSL or Cable modem to the Ethernet WAN port on the back of the Wireless Router by using the UTP cable.
- Step2. Connect the phone line from the wall socket to the line-in port on the ADSL modem, or the coaxial cable to the line-in port on the Cable modem.
- Step3. Plug in the power adapter to the modem and turn on the power. Install the Ethernet card into the computer by referring to the User Guide that came with the card.
- Step4. Connect the computer to the Wireless Router by using standard twisted-pair Ethernet cable from the computer's Ethernet card to a 10/100Mbps Ethernet port on the back of the Wireless Router.
- Step5. Plug in the power adapter to the Router and the other side to the wall outlet.

2.2 Computer configuration setup

In order to communicate with this Wireless Router, you have to configure the IP addresses of your computer to be compatible with the device. The router supports DHCP server, which is enabled as default. Users using "**Obtain an IP address automatically**" to configure IP address may skip the following IP configuration instruction section.

Note:

1. The default network setting of the device:

IP address: 192.168.1.1

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

DHCP Server: enabled

- In the following TCP/IP configuration guide, the IP address "192.168.1.2" is assumed to be your IP address if you want to specify IP addresses manually. Please **DO NOT** use 192.168.1.1 as the IP address for 192.168.1.1 has been set as the default IP for this device.
- 3. The following TCP/IP configuration guide uses Windows XP as the presumed operation system.

Procedures to configure IP addresses for your computer

1. If you are in Classic Start menu view, click **Start→Settings→Control Panel→Network Connections**.

If you are in Start menu view, click Start \rightarrow Control Panel \rightarrow Network Connections.

2. Double click "Local Area Connection"



3. Choose Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and click Properties.

achordi	Authentication	Advanced		
Connec	ot using:			
111	SiS 900-Based PC	CI Fast Ethernet Ada	apter	
			Casterna	7
This as		- (-II	Lonngure	J
This co	innection uses the	e following items:		
	Client for Micro	soft Networks	2020000000	
	File and Printer	Sharing for Microso	oft Networks	
provide a first fi				
	🚽 QoS Packet So	cheduler		
	QoS Packet Sc Internet Protoco	cheduler ol (TCP/IP)		
	QoS Packet So Internet Protoco	cheduler ol (TCP/IP)		
	QoS Packet So Internet Protoci	cheduler ol (TCP/IP) <u>U</u> ninstall	Properties	
	QoS Packet So Internet Protoco	cheduler ol (TCP/IP) Uninstall	Properties	
	QoS Packet Sc Internet Protoco Install	sheduler ol (TCP/IP) <u>U</u> ninstall to access resource	Properties	
Desc Allow	QoS Packet Sc Internet Protoco Install ription ws your computer work.	sheduler ol (TCP/IP) Uninstall to access resource	Properties	
Desc Allov	QoS Packet Sc Internet Protoco Install Install Install Install Install Install Install	sheduler ol (TCP/IP) Uninstall to access resource	Properties	
Desc Allow netw	QoS Packet Sc Internet Protoco Install Install Install Install Install Install	sheduler ol (TCP/IP) Uninstall to access resource	Properties	
Desc Allov netw	QoS Packet Sc Internet Protoco Install Install Install Install Install Install Install Install Install	sheduler ol (TCP/IP) Uninstall to access resource tion area when con	Properties s on a Microsoft nected	

4. You may choose "**Obtain an IP address automatically**" (recommend) to get IP address automatically or choose "**Use the following IP address**" to specify IP addresses manually. Please click the OK button after your configuration.

ernet Protocol (TCP/IP) Pr	roperties ?
You can get IP settings assigned this capability. Otherwise, you nee the appropriate IP settings.	automatically if your network supports ad to ask your network administrator for
<u>○ O</u> btain an IP address autom	atically
• Use the following IP address	2
IP address:	192.168.1.2
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
Default gateway:	192.168.1.254
Obtain DNS server address	automatically
OSE the following DNS served	er addresses:
Preferred DNS server:	
<u>A</u> lternate DNS server:	
	Advanced
	OK Cancel

3. Management Wireless Router

3.1 Wireless Router configuration setup

In order to make the whole network operate successfully, it is necessary to configure the Wireless Router through your computer with a WEB browser installed. Please follow the steps listed below.

- 1. Double click the Internet WEB browser icon on your desktop screen (Netscape Communicator 4.0 and Internet Explorer 3.0 or above version)
- 2. Type 192.168.1.1 into the URL WEB address location and press Enter.

About:blank - Microsoft Internet Explorer File Edit View Favorites Tools Help	
] ← Back → → → ② ③ ▲ ③History 🖬 🎒	
Address http://192.168.1.1	💌 🔗 Go 🛛 Links 🎽

- 3. The Username and Password Required window appears.
 - Enter **admin** in the User Name location (default value).
 - Enter **admin** in the Password location (default value).
 - Click "OK" button

Enter Netwo	ork Password		<u>? ×</u>
@	Please type y	our user name and password.	
<u> </u>	Site:	192.168.1.1	
	Realm	802.11g Wireless Broadband Router	
	<u>U</u> ser Name	admin	
	<u>P</u> assword	XXXXX	
	🗖 <u>S</u> ave this	password in your password list	
		ОК	ncel

4. The Graphic User Interaface

After the password authorization, the Setup Wizard shows up as the home page of the Graphic User interface. You may click on each folder on left column of each page to get access to each configuration page.



3.2 Setup Wizard

If you are using the router for the first time, you may follow the procedures of the setup wizard to do a step-by-step configuration.

Note: The following instruction does an overall introduction to the Setup Wizard. For detail information to each item, please refer to instruction of each page.

1. To start the Setup Wizard, click the "Next" button to proceed.



2. Select your demanding operation mode and click "Next".

ou can setup di ridging function	ferent modes to LAN and WLAN interface for NAT and
9 Gateway:	In this mode, the device is supposed to connect to internet via ADSL/Cable Modem. The NAT is enabled and PCs in four LAN ports share the same IP to ISP through WAN port. The connection type can be setup in WAN page by using PPPOE, DHCP client, PPTP client or static IP.
Bridge:	In this mode, all ethernet ports and wireless interface are bridged together and NAT function is disabled. All the WAN related function and firewall are not supported.

3. Mark the check box to enable synchronizing time by NTP server. Select the religion you live in and a NTP server by clicking the drop list, then click "**Next**"

2. Time Zo	one Setting			
You can maintair over the Internet.	a the system time by synchron	izing with a	public time	server
🗖 Enable NTF	client update			
Time Zone Select :	(GMT+08.00)Taipei			×
NTP server :	192,5.41.41 - North America 💌	l		
		Court	c «Poolt	News
		Cancel	<< Dack	IVEXC>>

4. Specify an IP address and subnet mask for connecting to the router in LAN.

This page is used to connects to the LAN setting for IP addres	configure the paramet N port of your Access N iss, subnet mask, DHC	ers for local area Point. Here you r P, etc	a network wh may change t	ich he	
IP Address:	192.168.1.1				
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	1			

5. Select a WAN access type for the router to connect to Internet. Fill in the parameters required in each blank, and then click the "**Next**" button. Those parameters should be provided by your ISP.

This page is used to co connects to the WAN y access method to static WAN Access type.	nfigure the param wrt of your Acces IP, DHCP, PPPoI	teters for Internet ss Point. Here you E or PPTP by clici	network whic 1 may change k the item valt	h the 1e of
WAN Access Type:	Static IP 💌			
IP Address:	10.10.10.1			
Subnet Mask:	255.255.0.0			
Default Gateway:	10.10.10.254			

6. Select the wireless parameters that are used for associating with this router and click "**Next**"

This page is use nay connect to	ed to configure the paramete your Access Point.	ers for wireless L	AN clients (which	
Band:	2.4 GHz (B+G) 💌				
Mode:	AP 💌				
SSID:	WLAN-11g-GW				
Country:	USA(FOC) 💌				
Channel Num	ber: 1				
		Cancel	< <back< td=""><td>Next>></td><td></td></back<>	Next>>	

7. Click the drop list to select the encryption type for your wireless network. Fill in the parameters for the encryption type you selected and click finish to complete configuration.

This page allows you setup the wireless	up s security. Turn on WEP or WPA by
using Encryption Keys could prevent as wireless network.	ny unauthorized access to your
Encryption: None	

3.3 Operation Mode Setup

To select an operation mode for this router, click on the mode that you want to perform and click the Apply Change button to execute.

Dperation Mode		
ou can setup c nd bridging fu	ifferent modes to LAN and WLAN interface for NAT nction.	
o Gateway:	In this mode, the device is supposed to connect to internet via ADSL/Cable Modem. The NAT is enabled and PCs in LAN ports share the same IP to ISP through WAN port. The connection type can be setup in WAN page by using PPPOE, DHCP client, PPTP client or static IP.	
• Bridge:	In this mode, all ethernet ports and wireless interface are bridged together and NAT function is disabled. All the WAN related function and firewall are not supported.	

3.4 Wireless Setup

Wireless Access Point builds a wireless LAN and can let all PCs equipped with IEEE802.11b/g wireless network adaptor to connect to your Intranet. It supports WEP encryption and MAC address filter to enhance the security of your wireless network.

Basic Setting

You can set up the configuration of your Wireless and monitor the Wireless Clients associate with your AP.

Wireless Basi	c Settings
This page is used to o connect to your Acces well as wireless netwo	onfigure the parameters for wireless LAN clients which may s Point. Here you may change wireless encryption settings as rk parameters.
Disable Wireles	ss LAN Interface
Band:	2.4 GHz (B+G) 💌
Mode:	AP 💌
SSID:	WLAN-11g-GW
Country:	USA(FCC)
Channel Number:	1 💌
Associated Clients:	Show Active Clients
Enable Universimultaneouly)	al Repeater Mode (Acting as AP and client
SSID of Extended 1	interface:

Disable Wireless LAN Interface	To Disable interface of Wireless LAN
Band	To select a band for this device to match 802.11b, 802.11g or both.
Mode	Configure this device as AP, WDS or both.
Network type	When you configure this device in AP mode, this drop list allows users to change the network type into ad-hoc mode.
SSID	The name of the wireless network
Country	Select the region you live in.
Channel Number	The channel used by the wireless LAN. All devices in the same wireless LAN should use the same channel.
Associated Clients	Click "Show Active Clients" button, then an "Active Wireless Client Table" will pop up. You can see the status of all active wireless stations that are connected to the access point.
Enable Universal Repeater Mode	Mark this checkbox to enable Universal Repeater Mode which allows this device to act as an AP and client simultaneously.
SSID of Extended Interface	While you enable the Universal Repeater Mode, you have to specify an SSID for the extended interface.

Click **<Apply changes**> button at the bottom of the screen to save the above configurations. You can now configure other advanced settings or start using the router (with the advance settings in place)

Active Wireless Client Table

This is the window that pops up after clicking the "Show Active Clients" button.

This table shows the MAC address, transmission, receiption packet counters and encrypted status for each associated wireless client. MAC Address Tx Packet Rx Tx Rate Power Expired Time (Mbps) Saving (s) 00:04:e2:8b:45:8d 1 0 54 no 285 Refresh Close	This table shows the counters and encryp	: MAC add	tress, tran			
MAC Address Tx Packet Packet Tx Rate Mover Saving (s) 00:04:e2:8b:45:8d 1 0 54 no 285 Refresh Close		icu sulus	for each a	smission, r associated	eceiption wireless c	packet lient.
MAC Address Tx Packet Packet Mbps Power Compared Time (Mbps) Power Compared Time (S) 285						
00:04:e2:8b:45:8d 1 0 54 no 285 Refresh Close	MAC Address	Tx Packet	Rx Packet	Tx Rate (Mbps)	Power Saving	Expired Time (s)
Refresh Close	00:04:e2:8b:45:8d	1	0	54	no	285
	Refresh Close					

MAC Address	MAC address of this active wireless station.
Tx Packet	The number of transmitted packets that are sent out from this active wireless station.
Rx Packet	The number of received packets that are received by this active wireless station.
TX Rate	The transmission rate
Power Saving	Shows if the wireless client is in Power Saving mode
Expired Time	This is the time in second before dissociation. If the wireless keeps idle longer than the expired time, this wireless router will dissociate it. The wireless client station has to re-associate when it is active.
Refresh	Refresh the "Active Wireless Client Table".
Close	Close the "Active Wireless Client Table".

Advanced Setting

You can set advanced wireless LAN parameters of this router. The parameters include Authentication Type, Fragment Threshold, RTS Threshold, Beacon Interval, Data Rate, Preamble Type, Broadcast SSID, IAPP and 802.11g Protection. We recommend not changing these parameters unless you know what these changes will do to the router.

Wireless Advanced Settings

These settings are only for more technically advanced users who have a sufficient knowledge about wireless LAN. These settings should not be changed unless you know what effect the changes will have on your Access Point.

Authentication Type:	• Open S	iystem C	Shared K	ey 💿 Au	ito
Fragment Threshold:	2346	(256-23	46)		
RTS Threshold:	2347	(0-2347			
Beacon Interval:	100	(20-102	24 ms)		
Data Rate:	Auto 🐱				
Preamble Type:	• Long P	reamble	• Short P	reamble	
Broadcast SSID:	• Enable	d ODisat	bled		
IAPP:	• Enable	d Olisat	bled		
802.11g Protection:	• Enable	d oDisat	bled		
RF Output Power:	• 100%	0 50%	• 25%	010%	○5%
Turbo Mode:	• Auto	• Always	● Off		

	Open System mode	Wireless AP can associate with this wireless router without WEP encryption.	
Authentication Type	Shared Key mode	You should also set up WEP key in the "Security" page. Wireless AP associated with this wireless router should use WEP encryption in the authentication phase.	
	Auto	The wireless client can associate with this wireless router by using any one of these two Modes.	
Fragment Threshold	Specifies the maximum size of packet during the data transition. The lower the values set, the poorer the performance.		
RTS Threshold	If the packet size is smaller the RTS threshold, the wireless router will not send this packet by using the RTS/CTS mechanism.		
Beacon Interval	Specifies the period of time for a beacon broadcast.		
Data Rate	The "Data Rate" is the highest limit for wireless router transmission of data packets. The wireless router will use the highest possible selected transmission rate to transmit the data packets.		
Preamble Type	It defines the length of CRC block in the frames during the wireless communication. "Short Preamble" is suitable for heavy traffic wireless network. "Long Preamble" provides more communication reliability		

Broadcast SSID	If you enable "Broadcast SSID", every wireless station located within the coverage of this wireless router can find this wireless router easily. If you are building a public wireless network, enabling this feature is recommended. Disabling "Broadcast SSID" can provide better security.
IAPP	Enables multiple AP to communicate and pass information regarding the location of associated Stations.
802.11g Protection	Some 802.11g wireless adapters support 802.11g protection, which allows the adapters to search for 802.11g singles only. Select the "Disabled" to disable supporting 802.11g protection or select "enable" to support this function.

Click the **<Apply Changes>** button at the bottom of the screen to save the above configurations. You can now configure other advanced settings or start using the router.

Security Setting

At the page, you can set up the WEP, WPA Encryption to ensure the security of your Wireless network.

Encryption: None	Set WEP Key	
Use 802.1x	● WEP 64bits ○ WEP 128bits	
WPA Authentication Mode:	○Enterprise (RADIUS) ●Personal (Pre-Shared Key)	
WPA Cipher Suite:	●TKIP ○AES	
NPA2 Cipher Suite:	OTKIP @AES	
Pre-Shared Key Format:	Passphrase	
Pre-Shared Key:		
Enable Pre-Authentic	ation	
Authentication RADIUS Server:	Port 1812 IP address Password	

Encryption	To enable WEP, WPA, WPA2 and WPA2 Mixed encryption modes, select the option in the drop list. If you select none, all data will be transmitted without Encryption and every station can access the router.
Use 802.1x Authentication	To enable the 802.1x, click the check box of the item.

WPA Authentication Mode	There are two items, "Enterprise (WPA-Radius)" and "Personal (Pre-Shared Key)". You can select
	the mode by clicking the item.
WPA Cipher Suite	Select the WPA Cipher Suite to be TKIP or AES
WPA2 Cipher Suite	Select the WPA2 Cipher Suite to be TKIP or AES
Pre-Shared key Format	To define the format, select what you need in the drop list.
Pre-shared Key	Enter the Pre-shared Key according to the pre- shared key format you selected.
Enable Pre-	Mark this checkbox to enable Pre-authentication
Authentication	after selecting Enterprise (RADIUS) WPA 2
	authentication mode
Authentication RADIUS	If you use RADIUS Sever to ensure your security,
Sever	you have to set up the parameters in this item. To
	set up the Port. IP address and Password of your
	RADIUS, enter the Port Number, IP and
	Password.

Click **<Apply Change>** at the bottom of the screen to save the above configurations. You can now configure other advanced settings or start using the router.

Access Control Setting

To restrict the number of access authentication of stations, set up the control list in this page.

Wireless Access Co	ontrol
If you choose 'Allowed Listed', addresses are in the access con Access Point. When 'Deny Liste the list will not be able to conn	only those clients whose wireless MAC trol list will be able to connect to your d' is selected, these wireless clients on ect the Access Point.
Wireless Access Control Mo	ode: Disable 👻
MAC Address:	Comment:
Apply Changes Reset	
Current Access Control List	Comment Colort
MAC Address	Comment Select
Delete Selected Delete /	All Reset

Wireless Access	Click on the drop list to choose the access control
Control Mode	mode. You may select "Allow listed" to allow those
	allowed MAC addresses or select "Deny Listed" to
	ban those MAC addresses from accessing to this

	device.
MAC Address &	To set up the Value of MAC Address & Comment;
Comment	enter the MAC Address and Comment of the
	station and click Apply Changes to save.
Current Access	To delete the station from the list, click the check
Control list	box in the select item and click the "Delete
	Selected". If you want to delete all stations on the
	list, click "Delete All" to remove all of them.

Click **<Apply Change>** at the bottom of the screen to save the above configurations. You can now configure other advanced settings or start using the router

WDS Setting

WDS Settings		
Wireless Distribution Syster other APs, like the Ethernet n the same channel and se want to communicate with	n uses wireless media to communicate with ; does. To do this, you must set these APs t MAC address of other APs which you in the table and then enable the WDS.	
Enable WDS		
Add WDS AP: MAC Ad	dress	
Commen		
Apply Changes Rese Show Statistics	t Set Security	
Current WDS AP List:		
MAC Address	Comment Select	
Delete Selected De	lets All Reset	

Wireless Distribution System allows the router to communicate with other APs wirelessly. To make it work, you must ensure that these APs and the Router are in the same Channel and add these APs MAC Address and Comment values into the WDS list. Don't forget to enable the WDS by clicking the check box of "Enable WDS" and pressing "Apply Changes" button to save.

To Delete an AP from the list, click the check box in the select item and click the "Delete Selected". If you want to delete all APs on the list, click "Delete All" to remove all of them.

3.5 TCP/IP Setting

LAN Interface Setting

This sections cover how to set up the configuration of LAN interface, Private IP of you router LAN Port and Subnet mask for your LAN segment.

6ubnet Mask: DHCP Server:	255.255.255.0	1			
HCP Server:					
	Enabled 🔽				
OHCP Client Range:	192.168.1.2	- 192.168.1.25	4 5	how Client	
302.1d Spanning Free:	Disabled 💌				
Enable UPnP					

Configuration

IP address	The IP of your Router LAN port (Default 192.168.1.1)
Subnet Mask	Subnet Mask of you LAN (Default 255.255.255.0)
DHCP Server	To give your LAN Client an IP, you have to enable "DHCP Server". Setting up your client IP manually is necessary when you want to use the router as your client's default gateway.
DHCP Client Range	Specify the DHCP Client IP address range. You can also click the "Show Client" button to list the connected DHCP clients.
802.1d Spanning tree	To prevent from network loops and preserve the quality of bridged network
Enable UPnP	Mark this checkbox to allow this router to be recognized by UPnP.

WAN Interface Setting

This page allows users to configure those parameters for connecting to Internet. You may select the WAN Access Type from the drop list and configure parameters for each mode.

Static IP Mode



IP Address, Subnet Mask and Default Gateway	Fill in the IP address, Subnet Mask and Default Gateway that provided by your ISP.
DNS 1, 2 and 3	To specify the DNS, and enter the DNS provided by your ISP in DNS 1 2 3.

DHCP Client Mode

WAN Inter	face Setup
This page is used connects to the W access method to WAN Access type	to configure the parameters for Internet network which (AN port of your Access Point. Here you may change the static IP, DHCP, PPPoE or PPTP by click the item value of
WAN Access Type:	DHCP Client
 Attain DNS # Set DNS Mar 	Automatically Jually
DNS 1:	168.95.1.1
DNS 2:	
DNS 3:	
Clone MAC Address:	0000000000

Attain DNS	If your DNS provided by ISP is dynamic, choose
automatically:	"Attain DNS automatically
Set DNS Manually	To specify the DNS, enter the DNS provided by your ISP in DNS 1 2 3.

PPPoE Mode

WAN Inte	erface Setup
This page is use connects to the access method t WAN Access typ	d to configure the parameters for Internet network which WAN port of your Access Point. Here you may change the o static IP, DHCP, PPPoE or PPTP by click the item value of e.
WAN Access Type:	PPPoE 💌
User Name:	admin
Password:	
Service Name	:
Connection Type:	Continuous Connect Disconnect
Idle Time:	5 (1-1000 minutes)
MTU Size:	1452 (1400-1492 bytes)
Attain DNS	Automatically
• Set DNS Ma	anually
DNS 1:	168.95.1.1
DNS 2;	
DNS 3	

User Name, password and service name	Fill in the User Name, password and service name that provided by your ISP.
Connection Type	"Continuous" is for Always keeping connection
	"Connect on demand" is for billing by connection time. You can set up the Idle time for the value specifies the number of time that elapses before the system automatically disconnects the PPPoE session.
	"Manual" is to connect to ISP manually. Click "Connect" from the WEB user interface. The WAN connection will not disconnect due to the idle timeout. If the WAN line breaks down and later links again, the router will not auto-connect to the ISP.
Idle Time:	Defines the amount of idle time that elapses before the system automatically disconnects the PPPoE session.
MTU Size	Enable the Maximum Transmission Unit of the router. Any packet greater than this number will be chopped up into suitable size before sending. The larger the number, the better transmission performance. Enter your MTU number in the text-box to set the limitation.
Attain DNS	If your DNS provided by ISP is dynamic, choose

automatically:	"Attain DNS automatically
Set DNS Manually	To specify the DNS, enter the DNS provided by your ISP in DNS 1 2 3.

PPTP Mode

WAN Inter	face Setup
This page is used connects to the W/ access method to s WAN Access type.	to configure the parameters for Internet network which AN port of your Access Point. Here you may change the static IP, DHCP, PPPoE or PPTP by click the item value of
WAN Access Type:	PPTP
IP Address:	172.16.1.2
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0
Server IP Address:	172.16.1.1
User Name:	admin
Password:	
MTU Size:	1452 (1400-1460 bytes)
• Attain DNS A	utomatically
 Set DNS Man 	ually
DNS 1:	168.95.1,1
DNS 2:	
the state of the second st	

IP Address, Subnet Mask, Server IP Address, User Name and Password	Fill in the IP address, Subnet Mask, Server IP Address, User Name and password that provided by your ISP.
MTU Size	Enable the Maximum Transmission Unit of Router. Any packet greater this number will be chopped up into suitable size before sending. The larger the number the better the transmission performance. Enter your MTU number in the text-box to set the limitation.
Attain DNS automatically:	If your DNS provided by ISP is dynamic, choose "Attain DNS automatically
Set DNS Manually	To specify the DNS, enter the DNS provided by your ISP in DNS 1 2 3.

Common configurations for WAN interface

Some settings can be configured with each WAN access types:

Clone MAC Address:	000000
 Enable Web Server Ac Enable IPsec pass thro Enable PPTP pass thro Enable L2TP pass thro 	cess on WAN from port : ⁸⁰⁸⁰ bugh on VPN connection bugh on VPN connection bugh on VPN connection
Enable Web Server Access on WAN from port	To enable the user to access this Router through Internet, enter the specific IP and the port number
Enable IPsec pass through on VPN connection	Mark the check box to enable IPsec pass through on VPN connection; clear the checkbox to disable.
Enable PPTP pass through on VPN connection	Mark the check box to enable PPTP pass through on VPN connection; clear the checkbox to disable.
Enable L2TP pass through on VPN connection	Mark the check box to enable L2TP pass through on VPN connection; clear the checkbox to disable.
Clone MAC Address	When ISP use MAC address authentication (with DHCP), then the MAC address of the Ethernet card attached to your Cable modem must be registered with the ISP before connecting to the WAN (Internet). If the Ethernet card has changed, the new MAC address must be registered with the ISP. MAC cloning feature allows the MAC address reported by WAN side network interface card to be set to the MAC address already registered with the ISP, eliminating the need to register the new MAC address with the ISP. This feature does not change the actual MAC address on the NIC, but instead changes the MAC address. To Change the MAC address, enter it in the text box.

3.6 Firewall Configuration

Port Filtering

The firewall not only can obstruct outside intruders from intruding your system, but also restricting the LAN users.

Port Filtering can be used to restrict certain type of data packets from your LAN to Internet through the Router by adding it on the Current Filtering Table.

Port Filtering			
Entries in this table are used to restrict ce your local network to Internet through th be helpful in securing or restricting your l			
Enable Port Filtering Local Port Range: Pr	rotocol: Both 😤		
Comment:			
Apply Changes Reset			
Current Filter Table:			
Local Port Range Protocol	Comment	Select	
Delete Selected Delete All Re	set		

Configuration

STEPS	 Click the check box of "Enable Port Filtering" to enable the function.
	 Enter the Port range (EX 25-110), Protocol (UDP/TCP), and comment (EX. E-Mail)
	3. To delete the port range on the list, click the check box in the select item, and click the "Delete Selected". If you want to delete all entries on the list, click "Delete All" to remove all of them.

Click **<Apply Change>** at the bottom of the screen to save the above configurations. You can now configure other advanced settings or start using the router.

IP Filtering

The Wireless Router could filter the outgoing packets for security or management consideration. You can set up the filter against the IP addresses to block specific internal users from accessing the Internet.

	restricting your	local network.		
Enable IP Filtering Loal IP Address: Apply Changes Re	Protoc	col: Both 💉 Comr	nent:	
Local IP Address	Protocol	Comment	Select	
Delete Selected	Delete All Re	set		

Configuration

	1	
STEPS	1.	Click the check box of "Enable IP Filtering" to enable the function.
	2.	Enter the specific Local IP address (EX 10.10.3.9), Protocol (UDP/TCP), and comment (EX. Peter)
	3.	To delete the IP address on the list, click the check box in the select item, and click the " Delete Selected ". If you want to delete all entries on the list, click "Delete All" to remove all of them.

Click **<Apply Change>** at the bottom of the screen to save the above configurations. You can now configure other advanced settings or start using the router.

MAC Filtering

The Wireless Router could filter the outgoing packets for security or management consideration. You can set up the filter against the MAC addresses to block specific internal users from accessing the Internet.

MAC Filtering			
Entries in this table are used to restric your local network to Internet through be helpful in securing or restricting yo	t certain types of data p n the Gateway. Use of su jur local network.	ackets from uch filters can	
Enable MAC Filtering Local MAC Address:	Comment:		
Apply Changes Reset			
Current Filter Table:	1		
Local MAC Address	Comment	Select	
Delete Selected Delete All	Reset		

Configuration

STEPS	1.	Click the check box of "Enable MAC Filtering" to enable the function.
	2.	Enter the specific MAC address (EX 00:0e:b6:a8:72), and comment (EX. Peter)
	3.	To delete the MAC address on the list, click the check box in the select item, and click the " Delete Selected ". If you want to delete all entries on the list, click " Delete All " to remove all of them.

Click **<Apply Change>** at the bottom of the screen to save the above configurations. You can now configure other advanced settings or start using the router.

Port Forwarding

The Port Forwarding allows you to re-direct a particular range of service port numbers (from the Internet/WAN Ports) to a particular LAN IP address. It helps you to host some servers behind the router NAT firewall.

URL Filtering				
URL filter is used to deny LAN users from accessing the internet. Block those URLs which contain keywords listed below. (EX: google; www.google.com or 72.14.203.99)				
Enable URL Filtering URL Address:				
Apply Changes Reset				
Current Filter Table:				
	Select			
Delete Selected Delete All Reset				

Configuration

STEPS	1.	Click the check box of " Enable port forwarding " to enable the function.
	2.	Enter the specific IP address (EX 10.10.10.10), Protocol (UDP/TCP), Port range (EX 25-110), and comment (EX. E-Mail)
	3.	To delete the IP address on the table, click the check box in the select item and click the " Delete Selected ". If you want to delete all entries on the table, click " Delete All " to remove all of them.

Click **<Apply Change>** at the bottom of the screen to save the above configurations.

URL Filtering

The URL Filter allows users to prevent certain URL from being accessed by users in LAN. This filter will block those URLs that contain certain keywords.

Enable URI	Filtering			
IRL Address:	i incering			
Apply Changes	Reset			
urrent Filter T	able:			
	URL Address		Select	
	Delete All	Reset		
Delete Selected	and the second s			

Configuration

STEPS	1.	Click the check box of " Enable URL Filtering " to enable the function.
	2.	Enter the URL to be banned.
	3.	To delete the URL on the table, click the check box in the select item, and click the " Delete Selected ". If you want to delete all URLs on the table, click " Delete All " to remove all of them.

Click <**Apply Change**> at the bottom of the screen to save the above configurations.

Virtual DMZ

The virtual DMZ is used to enable protocols needed to open ports on the router. The router will forward all unspecified incoming traffic to the host specified in this page.

A Demilitarized Zi sacrificing unauth the virtual DMZ hi such as Web (HT and DNS servers.	one is used to provide Internet services without prized access to its local private network. Typically, ost contains devices accessible to Internet traffic, iP) servers, FTP servers, SMTP (e-mail) servers	
■ Enable Virtu Virtual DMZ Ho	al DMZ st IP Address:	

Enter the Host IP (private IP address), and click "Apply changes" to activate the setting.

3.7 Management

Status

In the home page of the Wireless Router, the left navigation bar shows the options to configure the system. In the right navigation screen is the system status summary for viewing the configurations.

Status		
This page shows the c settings of the device.	current status and some bas	
SYSTEM		
Uptime	Oday:1h:16m:10s	
Firmware Version	v1.1	
Wireless Configura	ation	
Mode	WDS	
Band	2.4 GHz (B+G)	
SSID		
Channel Number	1	
Encryption	Disabled	
BSSID	00:08:54:d6:2f:45	
LAN Configuration		
IP Address	192.168.1.1	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
DHCP Server	Enabled	
MAC Address	00:08:54:d6:2f:45	

System

Uptime	The amount of time that the device is power on.
Firmware Version	The version of the firmware applied on this device.

Wireless Configuration

Mode	The operation mode of the wireless router
Band	The performing band of this wireless router
SSID	The name of this wireless network
Channel Number	The channel used by the wireless LAN. All devices in the same wireless LAN should use the same channel
Encryption	The security encryption status of this wireless

	network
BSSID	The Basic Service Set Identity of this router.(This parameter is the same as the MAC address of LAN port)
Associated Clients	The number of associated clients.

LAN Configuration

IP Address	IP Address of router
Subnet Mask	Subnet Mask of the router
DHCP Server	Status of DHCP server: Enabled or Disable
MAC Address	MAC Address of LAN-port

WAN Configuration

Attain IP Protocol	Static IP address
IP Address	IP address of WAN-port
Subnet Mask	Subnet Mask of WAN-port
Default Gateway	Default Gateway of WAN-port
MAC Address	MAC Address of WAN-port

Statistics

This page shows the sent & received packets counters of wireless, Ethernet LAN, and Ethernet WAN. To see the latest report, click the Refresh button.

egarding to wirele	ess and Ethernet ne	tworks.
	Sent Packets	39
Wireless LAN	Received Packets	3611
	Sent Packets	506
Ethernet LAN	Received Packets	756
	Sent Packets	129
Ethernet WAN	Received Packets	0

DDNS

This page allows users to connect to DDNS. To enable DDNS, mark the "Enable DDNS" checkbox. Select the service provider from the drop list. Fill in domain name, username, and password. Click the "Apply Change" button after configuration.

Enable DE	NS	
Service Provider :	DynDNS 🗸	
Domain Name :	host.dyndns.org	
User Name /Email:	admin	
Password/Ke	/: •••••	

Time Zone Setting

This page allows users to configure the time setting of the router. To specify manually, fill in the blanks in "**Current Time**" and click the "**Apply Change**" button. To synchronize time from a timeserver, please mark the "**Enable NTP client update**" checkbox, select a NTP server from the drop list or manually enter a NTP server. Click the "**Apply Change**" button after your configuration

server over the	an the system time by synchronizing with a public time
Current Time :	vr 2000 Mon 1 Day 1 Hr 0 Mn 5 Sec 43
Time Zone Select :	(GMT+08:00)Taipei
Enable N	NTP client update
NTP server :	: 🧿 192,5,41,41 - North America 👻
	 (Manual IP Setting)

System Log

This System Log page shows the information of the current activities on the router.

To enable system log function:

1. Mark the "Enable Log" checkbox.

- 2. To see all information of the system, select the "system all" checkbox.
- 3. To see wireless information only, select the "wireless" checkbox.
- 4. To send the log information to a certain note, select the "**Enable Remote Log**" checkbox and fill in the IP address in the "**Log Server IP Address**" box.
- 5. Click the "Apply Changes" button to activate

You could also click the "**Refresh**" button to refresh the log information or click the "**clear**" button to clean the log table.

System Log		
This page can be used to s	et remote log server and show the system log.	
 Enable Log system all Enable Remote Log Apply Changes 	 wireless Log Server IP Address: Server Port: 514 	

Upgrade Firmware

To Upgrade Firmware

STEPS	1.	Click " browse " button to select the firmware you want to upgrade.			
	2.	Click Upload to start the upgrade process. Please don't close the WEB-browser and wait for process to complete. When Upgrade is completed, you can start to use the router.			
Upgrade Firmwa	ire				

elect	 Browse		

Save and Reload Setting

To save setting to file, click "Save..." button.

To load setting from file,

- 1. Click "Browse..." to select the file
- 2. Click upload to start the process and wait for it to complete

To reset setting to Default, click reset to start the process, and when completed, the status LED will start blinking.

Save/Reload	Settings
This page allows you : settings from the file v reset the current confi	ave current settings to a file or reload the hich was saved previously. Besides, you could uration to factory default.
Save Settings to File:	Save
Load Settings from File:	Browse Upload
Reset Settings to Default:	Reset

Password

To set up the Administrator Account information, enter the Username, New password, and reenter the password on the text box. Don't forget to click the "**Apply Changes**" to save the configuration.

Password Se	tup				
This page is used to s Access Point. Empty (protection.	et the account user name anc	to access the w password will o	eb server of disable the		
User Name:	5 5				
New Password:					
Confirmed Password:					
Apply Changes	Reset				

Product Specifications

	IEEE802.3, 10BASE-T				
	IEEE802.3u, 100BASE-TX				
Standard	IEEE802.3x full duplex operation and flow control				
	IEEE802.11b wireless LAN infrastructure				
	IEEE802.11g wireless LAN infrastructure				
	1 * WAN port				
Interface	4 * 10/100 RJ-45 Fast Ethernet switching ports				
	Antenna: 802 11b/g wireless reverse SMA detachable				
	Ethernet 10/100 Mbps				
WAN Connection					
	RJ-45 (10BASE-T); Category 3.4.5 UTP				
Cable Connections	RJ-45 (100BASE-TX): Category 5 UTP				
	802 11b: 1 2 5 5 and 11Mbps				
Network Data Rate	802 11 ar; 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, and 54 Mbps				
Auto-Negotiation (Full-duplex Half-duplex)					
Transmission Mode					
	Svstem: Power. Status				
	Port (WAN): ACT/LINK				
LED indicators	Port (I AN): ACT/I INK				
	Port(Wireless): ACT				
	64/128-hit WEP				
Security	WDA/TKID with IEEE 802.1x) WDA2 AES				
	54Mbps OEDM 10% DED -71dBm				
Bassiver Sensitivity	11Mbps OFDIN, 10% PER, -7 10DIII				
Receiver Sensitivity					
	100000 DPSK, 10%PER, -920DII				
Transmit Power	160Bm~180Bm				
	Indeer 25, 100 meters				
Range Coverage					
5 5					
Emission	FCC CLASS B, CE, VCCI Class B				
	00 - 400C (320 - 1040E)				
Operating	$00 \sim 4000 (320 \sim 1040 r)$				
Temperature					
	10% - 00%				
Operating Humidity	10/0 - 30/0				
	External Power Adapter 12\/DC/14				
Power Supply	er Supply				

Appendix A

How to Manually find your PC's IP and MAC address

1) In Window's open the Command Prompt program



2) Type Ipconfig /all and <enter>

```
Command Prompt
                                                             _ 🗆 🗵
Microsoft Windows 2000 [Version 5.00.2195]
(C) Copyright 1985-1999 Microsoft Corp.
C:\>ipconfig /all
Windows 2000 IP Configuration
      Host Name
      . : pete
                                   Broadcast
                                   No
No
Ethernet adapter Local Area Connection:
      Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :
Reconstruction
Adapter
      ....: Friday, December 14, 2001 9:18:45 PM
      Lease Expires .
C:/>_
```

- Your PC's IP address is the one entitled IP address (192.168.1.77)
- The router's IP address is the one entitled Default Gateway (192.168.1.254)
- Your PC's MAC Address is the one entitled Physical Address (00-50-FC-FE-02-DB)

Glossary

Default Gateway (Router): Every non-router IP device needs to configure a default gateway's IP address. When the device sends out an IP packet, if the destination is not on the same network, the device has to send the packet to its default gateway, which will then send it out towards the destination.

DHCP: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. This protocol automatically gives every computer on your home network an IP address.

DNS Server IP Address: DNS stands for Domain Name System, which allows Internet servers to have a domain name (such as www.Broadbandrouter.com) and one or more IP addresses (such as 192.34.45.8). A DNS server keeps a database of Internet servers and their respective domain names and IP addresses, so that when a domain name is requested (as in typing "Broadbandrouter.com" into your Internet browser), the user is sent to the proper IP address. The DNS server IP address used by the computers on your home network is the location of the DNS server your ISP has assigned to you.

DSL Modem: DSL stands for Digital Subscriber Line. A DSL modem uses your existing phone lines to transmit data at high speeds.

Ethernet: A standard for computer networks. Ethernet networks are connected by special cables and hubs, and move data around at up to 10/100 million bits per second (Mbps).

Idle Timeout: Idle Timeout is designed so that after there is no traffic to the Internet for a preconfigured amount of time, the connection will automatically be disconnected.

IP Address and Network (Subnet) Mask: IP stands for Internet Protocol. An IP address consists of a series of four numbers separated by periods, that identifies a single, unique Internet computer host in an IP network. Example: 192.168.2.1. It consists of 2 portions: the IP network address, and the host identifier.

A network mask is also a 32-bit binary pattern, and consists of consecutive leading 1's followed by consecutive trailing 0's, such as

111111111111111111111111100000000. Therefore sometimes a network mask can also be described simply as "x" number of leading 1's.

When both are represented side by side in their binary forms, all bits in the IP address that correspond to 1's in the network mask become part of the IP network address, and the remaining bits correspond to the host ID.

For example, if the IP address for a device is, in its binary form, <u>11011001.10110000.1001</u>0000.00000111, and if its network mask is, 11111111.11111111111110000.00000000 It means the device's network address is <u>11011001.10110000.1001</u>0000.00000000, and its host ID is, 00000000.0000000000000000000111. This is a convenient and efficient method for routers to route IP packets to their destination.

ISP Gateway Address: (see ISP for definition). The ISP Gateway Address is an IP address for the Internet router located at the ISP's office.

ISP: Internet Service Provider. An ISP is a business that provides connectivity to the Internet for individuals and other businesses or organizations.

LAN: Local Area Network. A LAN is a group of computers and devices connected together in a relatively small area (such as a house or an office). Your home network is considered a LAN.

MAC Address: MAC stands for Media Access Control. A MAC address is the hardware address of a device connected to a network. The MAC address is a unique identifier for a device with an Ethernet interface. It is comprised of two parts: 3 bytes of data that corresponds to the Manufacturer ID (unique for each manufacturer), plus 3 bytes that are often used as the product's serial number.

NAT: Network Address Translation. This process allows all of the computers on your home network to use one IP address. Using the broadband router's NAT capability, you can access the Internet from any computer on your home network without having to purchase more IP addresses from your ISP.

Port: Network Clients (LAN PC) uses port numbers to distinguish one network application/protocol over another. Below is a list of common applications and protocol/port numbers:

Application	Protocol	Port Number
Telnet	TCP	23
FTP	TCP	21
SMTP	TCP	25
POP3	TCP	110
H.323	TCP	1720
SNMP	UCP	161
SNMP Trap	UDP	162
HTTP	TCP	80
PPTP	TCP	1723
PC Anywhere	TCP	5631
PC Anywhere	UDP	5632

PPPoE: Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet. Point-to-Point Protocol is a secure data transmission method originally created for dial-up connections; PPPoE is for Ethernet connections. PPPoE relies on two widely accepted standards, Ethernet and the Point-to-Point Protocol. It is a communications protocol for transmitting information over Ethernet between different manufacturers

Protocol: A protocol is a set of rules for interaction agreed upon between multiple parties so that when they interface with each other based on such a protocol, the interpretation of their behavior is well defined and can be made objectively, without confusion or misunderstanding.

Router: A router is an intelligent network device that forwards packets between different networks based on network layer address information such as IP addresses.

Subnet Mask: A subnet mask, which may be a part of the TCP/IP information provided by your ISP, is a set of four numbers (e.g. 255.255.255.0) configured like an IP address. It is used to

create IP address numbers used only within a particular network (as opposed to valid IP address numbers recognized by the Internet, which must be assigned by InterNIC).

TCP/IP, UDP: Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and Unreliable Datagram Protocol (UDP). TCP/IP is the standard protocol for data transmission over the Internet. Both TCP and UDP are transport layer protocol. TCP performs proper error detection and error recovery, and thus is reliable. UDP on the other hand is not reliable. They both run on top of the IP (Internet Protocol), a network layer protocol.

WAN: Wide Area Network. A network that connects computers located in geographically separate areas (e.g. different buildings, cities, countries). The Internet is a wide area network.

Web-based management Graphical User Interface (GUI): Many devices support a graphical user interface that is based on the web browser. This means the user can use the familiar Netscape or Microsoft Internet Explorer to Control/configure or monitor the device being managed.